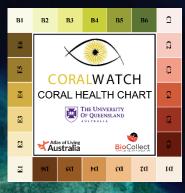
CORALWATCH PERMANENT TRANSECTS

NORTH BEACH AND RESEARCH BEACH, HERON ISLAND, QUEENSLAND, AUSTRALIA

ð

Updated May 2024

Help collect valuable data!



CORALWATCH

CW_RB_17 CW_RB_7 CW_RB_3 CW_RB_3 CW_RB_5 CW_RB_14



THE UNIVERSITY OF QUEENSLAND AUSTRALIA

Sources: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, i-cubed, USDA FSA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community

HELP CORALWATCH COLLECT VALUABLE DATA!

CoralWatch established two permanent transects in October 2014; one at NORTH BEACH and one at RESEARCH BEACH. The transects consist of coral colonies that have been identified and tagged so they can be monitored regularly using the Coral Health Chart. The Coral Health Chart measures the colour of the coral colonies as an indicator of coral health. The colour of the coral colony can change due to coral bleaching, disease, seasonal variation, fresh water or other impacts.

Example of a tagged colony



Individual Coral-ID-sheets provide the info and photos needed to help locate the coral. Check out remarks for latest updates.



May 2017 – 25% of the colony alive



Coral Bleaching

Coral bleaching occurs when corals change colour, generally from dark brown to a lighter shade of brown or white. The colour change is usually caused by a loss of symbiotic algae (zooxanthellae) from the coral's tissue. It can also be related to a decrease in the concentration of photosynthetic pigments within the symbiotic algae. Coral bleaching is a reaction to stress and can be caused by a variety of environmental factors including:

- elevated or decreased water temperatures
- changes in water salinity
- increased intensity of sunlight
- elevated exposure to chemical pollutants.

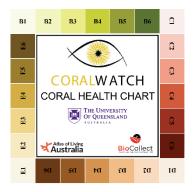
Coral bleaching can be localised or it can occur as part of a mass bleaching event. Localised bleaching occurs over small geographical regions and can be caused by any of the above factors. Mass bleaching events occurs over large geographical regions and are caused by increased water temperature over extended periods of time, together with increased light intensity. Sea temperatures are predicted to continue to rise and thus mass bleaching is expected to become more frequent and more severe. This could lead to the death of large areas of coral reefs worldwide within a few decades.

Coral bleaching 2019

During the last coral bleaching event, sadly half of the corals of the CoralWatch permanent transects were impacted and several died.



In November 2020 together with Sunshine Beach SHS we added four new corals to the transect at Research Beach. Two corals were added at North Beach.



Coral Health Chart

The Coral Health Chart measures the colour of the coral colonies as an indicator of coral health. The colour of the coral colony can change due to bleaching, disease, seasonal variation, fresh water or other impacts.



CITIZEN SCIENTISTS protecting reefs

There are not enough scientists to monitor all the world's reefs, and this is where you can help! CoralWatch uses the Coral Health Chart to meesure changes in coral colour associated with coral bleaching. The chart is easy to use and allows anyone to get involved without the need for special training. Simply match the colours on the chart with the colours of the reef and record your coral type on a waterproof data slate. All data from over 80 countries is available online in our global database.

The Coral Health Chart is used by dive centres, school groups, government organisations, scientists, tourists and individuals. Don't wait for coral bleaching to occur, monitoring healthy reefs is also important. To get started, request your initial free Coral Health Chart online.

REEFS ARE IMPORTANT for all of us

Not only are reets places o incredible natural beauty an wonder but the 800 species of corals worldwide provide shelter and food for an abundar array of fish and other marine life. Healthy reets produce food for millions of people and help to protect coastal land from cyclones, storm surges and erosion from waves. Reefs provide a way of life connected to cultural traditions and support local economies by providing tood and materials to sustain human life as well as jobs through tourism.



Do-It-Yourself instructions

Pick up a copy from Heron Island Research Station or download from

WWW.CORALWATCH.ORG

(https://coralwatch.org/index.php/ monitoring/monitoring-materials/)



CoralWatch Coral Health Chart Instructional Video https://youtu.be/sPP8SNInJ1Y

INSTRUCTIONS for data collection PERMANENT TRANSECT

1. If you are not familiar with CoralWatch, read the CoralWatch 'Do It Yourself kit'.

- 2. Get ready for your CoralWatch reef walk. Don't forget to bring:
 - Laminated set of CoralWatch photo ID sheets and permanent transect maps
 - GPS with CoralWatch coordinates (collect from the scientific officer at the station)
 - Coral Health Chart
 - CoralWatch Permanent Transect Datasheets (North Beach and/or Research Beach) and pencil
 - Underwater viewer
 - Appropriate safety equipment (sun protection, enclosed shoes or booties)

3. Once in the field, use the CoralWatch GPS coordinates and photo IDsheets to find each individual coral colony labelled with a yellow tag.

4. Use the Coral Health Chart and measure the lightest and darkest spot within the coral colony. Note your findings on the datasheet together with the coral type.



Items to bring



DATA SHEET PERMANENT TRANSECT

B 1	B2	В3	B4	В5	B6	2				
E6										
8	C	CORALWATCH CORAL HEALTH CHART								
2										
3		- UU	THE UNIV OF QUEEN	ISLAND		ß				
E	⊀ Atla	as of Living Istralia		BioC	9 ollect	8				
EI	D9	sa	D4	ъз	za	ıa				

Group name:	Your name:	
Email address:		
Participation field: dive centre / s	cientist / environmental / school or university / tourist	
Sea temperature:ºC	Date of survey: / /	_
Time collected: (ie.14:00 or 2pm)	Day Month Year Weather: sunny / cloudy / raining	

Coral No*	Colour Code L=Lightest D=Darkest		Coral Type BR = Branching BO = Boulder PL = Plate SO = Soft			Size		% dead	Remarks	
	Lightest	Darkest	Branching	Boulder	Plate	Soft	Height	Diameter		
5										
7										
8										
10										
11										
12										

Coral 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 9 have been severely damaged or died during the coral bleaching event 2019. Coral 11 and 12 have been added in 2021.



DATA SHEET PERMANENT TRANSECT **RESEARCH BEACH**

ORALWATCH	Group name:	Your name:
B1 E2 B3 B4 E5 B6 D	Email address:	
CORALWATCH	Participation field: dive centre / scientis	st / environmental / school or university / tourist
CORAL HEALTH CHART	Sea temperature:⁰C	Date of survey://
Image: Constraint of the second sec	Time collected: (ie.14:00 or 2pm)	Day Month Year Weather: sunny / cloudy / raining

Coral No*	Colour Code L=Lightest D=Darkest		Coral Type BR = Branching BO = Boulder PL = Plate SO = Soft			Size		% dead	Remarks	
	Lightest	Darkest	Branching	Boulder	Plate	Soft	Height	Diameter		
4										
5										
7										
8										
11										
14										
15										
16										
17										

Coral 1, 2, 6, 9, 10, 12 and 13 have been severely damaged or died during the coral bleaching event 2019. Coral 3 died in 2024. Coral 14, 15, 16, 17 have been added in November 2021.

CORALWATCH PERMANENT TRANSECT

North beach, Heron Island, Queensland, Australia

Help collect data for CoralWatch permanent transect on North Beach. Please send your datasheet to <u>info@coralwatch.org</u> All random surveys can be entered online <u>www.coralwatch.org</u>

Resor

North Beach 5 - Wavy



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023										
Scientific name	Given nan	Given name			Coral Type					
Cladiella	Wavy	Soft								
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measurer	nents	Cora	Coral Health Score						
-23.43924	Max.	Max.	Ligh	Lightest		kest				
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height								
151.91733	75 cm	33 cm	E4		D5					
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks: Tags to th	Remarks: Tags to the left when walking at shore								
0										





2014







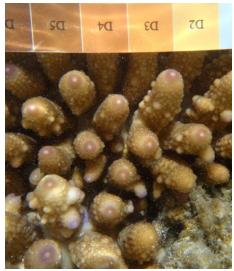
North Beach 7 - Fingers



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023										
Scientific name	Given nan	Coral Type								
Acropora	Fingers	Branching								
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measurer	Coral Health Score								
-23.43915	Max.	Max.	Lightest		Darkest					
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height								
151.91731	30 cm	8 cm	D2		D3					
% of dead coral within colony 80%	Remarks: Original transect is from 2014. Check the latest photo from Sept 2020, 80% of the coral died.									



October 2014



October 2014





Sept 2020 – 20% of the colony alive

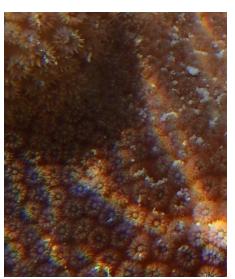


North Beach 8 – Sleepy dog



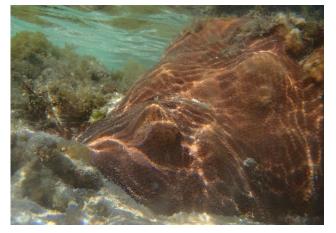
DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023										
Scientific name	Given nan	Coral Type								
Cyphastrea	Sleepy do	Sleepy dog								
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measurements Coral Hea				lth Score					
-23.43874	Max.	Max.	Lightest		Darkest					
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height								
151.91748	51 cm	17 cm	D4		D5					
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks: Tag missing									
15%	2023 – 80	% overgrov	vn wit	h alga	ie					

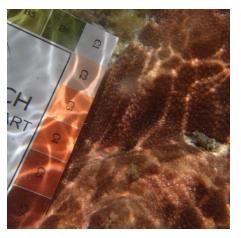






Nov 2023 – 20% alive





2014



North Beach 10 - Labyrinth



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023										
Scientific name	Given nan	Coral Type								
Platygyra	Labyrinth	Bou	Boulder							
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measuren	Coral Health Score								
-23.43812	Max.	Max.	Ligh	Lightest		kest				
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height								
151.91765	50 cm	29 cm	D3		D5					
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks 2017 New tag – orange colour (no CoralWatch text on it)									





2014







November 2023



North Beach 11 – Brown wig



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023										
Scientific name	Given	Coral Type								
Pocillopora damicornis	Brown	Brar	nching							
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measu	Coral Health Score								
-23.44029 GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Max. Diam eter	Max. Height	Lightest		Darkest					
151.91664	30 cm	14 cm	D2		E5					
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks Start of the transect, in front of rangers house. Tag attached to dead coral next to it.									



Nov 2023



Nov 2020 – 100% of colony alive







North Beach 12 - Shelter



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023										
Scientific name	Given nan	Given name			Coral Type					
Isopora palifera	Shelter	Brar	Branching							
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measuren	Coral Health Score								
-23.43958	•		Lightest		kest					
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height								
151.91721	50 cm	29 cm	E3		E5					
% of dead coral within colony		White on top; 20% dead coral due to low								
20% tide environment; tag attached next to pink Pocilopora										



Nov 2023



Nov 2020 – 100% of colony alive





02

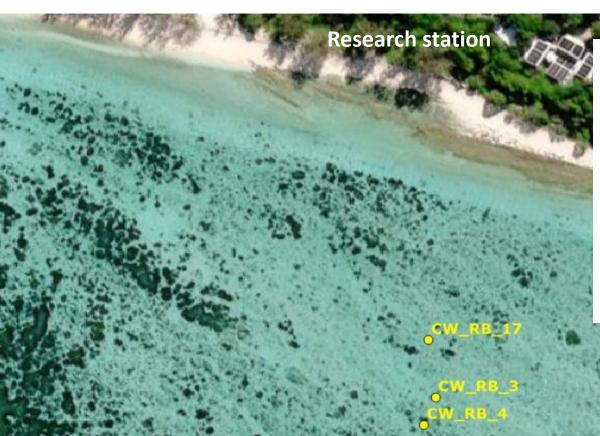
Nov 2020

F



R7





CORALWATCH PERMANENT TRANSEC Research beach, Heron Island,

Queensland, Australia

Help collect data for CoralWatch permanen transect on Research Beach. Please send your datasheet to <u>info@coralwatch.org</u> All random surveys can be entered online <u>www.coralwatch.org</u>

CW_RB_8_CW_F

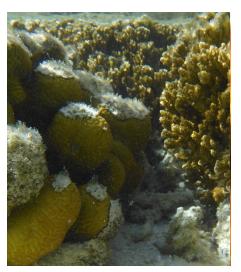
Research Beach 4 - Brainy Barry



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023										
Scientific name	Given nan	Coral Type								
Platygyra	Brainy Bai	Boulder								
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measuren	Coral Health Score								
-23.444595	Max.	Max.	Lightest		Darkest					
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height								
- 151.91336	42 cm	27 cm	Е	4	D	5				
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks: Next to large Montipora 1.5m towards Heron Island									
85%										



Sept 2020 – 15% alive



Sept 2020





May 2017 – 30% of the colony alive





May 2024 bleached with some recovery



Research Beach 5 - Elle



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023								
Scientific name	Given nan	Coral Type						
Acropora	Elle	Branching						
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measurer	nents	Coral Health Sco			ore		
-23.4489	Max.	Max.	Lightest Dar		Dark	kest		
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height						
151.91330	75 cm	26 cm	E3		E4			
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks A branching plate like coral							
15%	i ag missir	Tag missing						



Sept 2020 – 85% alive





May 2017 – 95% of the colony alive



November 2023 – 40% alive



February 2024 - bleached



Research Beach 7 - Flower



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023								
Scientific name	Given name		Coral Type					
Pavona	Flower		Plate					
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measuren	Cora	ral Health Score					
-23.44527 S	Max.	Max.	Lightest Darke		kest			
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height						
- 151.9132122 E	40 cm	21 cm	Е	3	Е	4		
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks: Left of big boulder coral when facing shore close to Goniopora on							
10%	permanent transect line Tag missing							



Sept 2020 – 90% alive









May 2024 - top of the colony shows dead patches



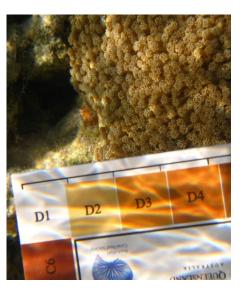
Research Beach 8 - Gonzo



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023								
Scientific name	Given name		Cora	oral Type				
Goniopora	Gonzo		Bou	lder				
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measurements Coral Health			lth Sc	th Score			
-23.44527	Max.	Max.	Lightest Darke		kest			
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height						
- 151.91319	28 cm	22 cm	В	B 2		4		
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks 2023 – no tag, close to number 7							
80%								



Sept 2020, 50% of colony alive





Nov 2023, 20% of colony alive

Sept 2020, 50% of colony alive



May 2024, 20% of colony alive and bleached

Research Beach 11 - Squishy



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023								
Scientific name	Given name		Coral Type					
Sarcophyton	Squishy		Soft					
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measuren	nents	Coral Health Score			ore		
-23.44553 S	Max.	Max.	Lightest Darkes		kest			
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height						
- 151.91312 E	107 cm	31 cm	Е	3	Е	4		
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks: There are 2 sarcophytons (1 small 1 big), close to each another.							
0	This coral	This coral does not have a tag.						



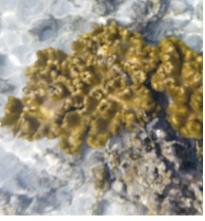
Nov 2023-100% alive



October 2014



October 2014



Sept 2020 –100% alive



October 2014



May 2024 - bleached



Research Beach 14 - Shreks rear

November 2021 - Selected and named by Sunshine Beach SHS



DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023								
Scientific name	Given name		Coral Type					
Cyphastrea serailia	Shreks rear		Bou	oulder				
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measurements Con			al Health Score				
23.44578	Max.	Max.	Lightest Darke		kest			
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height						
- 151.91301	29 cm	18 cm	E 3		Е	4		
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks Green boulder, tag is 0.5 meter from the							
5%	coral towa	coral towards the reef crest						



November 2023



November 2021



November 2021



November 2021



May 2024

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Research Beach 15 - Cinnamon roll



November 2021 - Selected and named by Sunshine Beach SHS

DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023								
Scientific name	Given name		Cora	Coral Type				
Favia	Cinnamon role		Boul	der				
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measuren	Cora	l Hea	lth Sco	h Score Darkest			
-23.44560	Max.	Max.	Lightest Darke		kest			
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter Height							
- 151.91320	84 cm	31 cm	D 2 D		3			
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks Top part is dead due to environmental							
Top 100% Side 95% healthy	conditions – low tides							



November 2023 (95% alive)

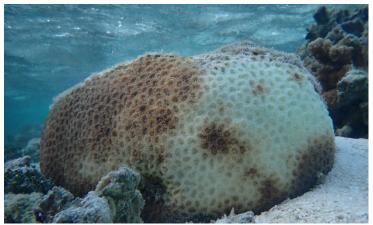
November 2021



November 2021



November 2021



May 2024, bleached, potentially recovering

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Research Beach 16 – Covid 19

November 2021 - Selected and named by Sunshine Beach SHS

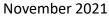


DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023								
Scientific name	Given nan	Coral Type						
Porites cylindrica	COVID 19		Brar	nching				
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measuren	nents	Coral Health Score			ore		
-23.444990	Max.	Max.	Lightest Darkes		kest			
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height						
- 151.91330	75 cm	30 cm	D	2	D	3		
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks The tag is socially distanced, 1.5m from							
3%	the COVID 19 coral to the right facing shore							



November 2023 (85% alive)







November 2021 –100% alive



February 2024 – bleached



May 2024 - some recovery -65% alive

Research Beach 17 – Echidna turtle



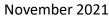
November 2021 - Selected and named by Sunshine Beach SHS

DETAILS Coral colony – November 2023								
Scientific name	Given nan	Coral Type						
Acropora	Echidna tu	Brar	nching					
GPS Latitude (WGS84)	Measurements Coral Health Sc				ore			
-23.44422	Max.	Max.	Lightest Darke		kest			
GPS Longitude (WGS84)	Diameter	Height						
- 151.91338	40 cm	23 cm	D	3	D	5		
% of dead coral within colony	Remarks The tag is looking to shore on the right							
0%	next to colony							



November 2023 (100% alive)







 November 2021



May 2024 - bleached

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